



JEREMIAH

THE EXCELLENCE OF THE RESTORED NATION - 32-33

CHRONOLOGY OF JEREMIAH

- The chronology of Jeremiah is at most times confusing and requires one to pay careful attention to context and rely heavily on the associated history given in The Book of Kings and the Chronicle of the Kings.
- This chart helps to arrange most of Jeremiah chronologically.

CHRONOLOGICAL ARRANGEMENT OF JEREMIAH'S PROPHECIES

Date:	Jeremiah:	Criterion for assignment:	Notes:
I. JOSIAH (639-608 B.C.)			
626	1	#1, 1:2 and 25:3, 13th yr of Josiah	Oct. 627-Oct. 626 B.C.
	2-6	#2, 5:16-17a, 6:22-24; #4, 3:6, Josiah	Scythian raids, 628-626
626-621	7-10	#5, 7:18, 31, heaven-goddess: #6	Idolatry, pre-621
621	11:1-8	#2, 11:3, 6, Josiah's reform	Covenant, II Kgs 23:2
620-608	11:9-13:17	#3, 11:10, post-621 disillusionment; #6	Josiah's reform cools, 11:9
	14-20	#5, 14:13, 20:7-8, false assurance	Still peacetime, 14:13
II. JEHOIAKIM (608-598)			
608	22:1-19	#2, 22:10; #4, v. 18; #5, v. 4 hopeful	Josiah dead, Jehoahaz
	26	#4, 26:1, beginning of the reign	exiled, Jehoiakim king
604	36:1-8	#1, 36:1, Baruch writes Jer, 1st ed.	The 21 chapters to date
	25	#1, 25:1, 1st of Nebu.-Apr. 604-3	4th of J.-Oct. 605-4
	46-51 (ex 49:34-9)	#2, 46:2, post-Carchemish, 605; #3:	LXX has at 25:13
	45	#1, 45:1, after B's 1st writing, 4th yr	But before reading it, 36:9
	36:9-22	#1, 36:9, 22, 5th yr, 9th mo.-Dec. 604	2nd ed. adds 9 chs. more
600	35	#2, 35:11, danger; #4, 35:1, J-kim	Syrians, II Kgs 24:2
III. JEHOIACHIN (Dec. 598 - March 597)			
598-597	22:20-30	#4, 22:24, reign of Coniah	C=Jehoiachin
	13:18-27	#2, 13:18, queen mother=22:26	13:20 parallels 22:22
IV. ZEDEKIAH (597-586)			
597	23-24	#2, 24:1; #5, 23:2, same exile as 24	Soon after Jeconiah's
	29-31	#2, 29:2, same; #5-6, 30:3 follows	carrying away, March 97
	49:34-39	#4, 49:34, beginning of the reign	Accession yr, pre-Oct.
593	27-28	#1, 28:1, #4, 27:3, 12 (vs. 27:1), Zed; #5	LXX om 27:1 (MT crpt)
	51:59-64	#1, 51:59, 4th yr of Zedekiah	Supplement, on Babylon
588	34:1-10	#2, 34:7, siege, Jan. 15, 588, on	Dated 39:1, 52:4
	21	#2, 21:4, siege; #3, Jer. still free	34:4-5 before 21:5
	34:11-22	#2, 34:22, Nebuchadrezzar leaves	Reenslavement, 34:10-11
	37	#2, 37:5, N. leaves; #3, 37:15, 21	Jer. 1st imprisoned
587	32-33	#1, 32:1, 18th yr of N. Apr. 587-6	J in prison, 32:2, 33:1
586	38	#3, 38:28, down to Jerusalem's fall	So near end of siege
	39:15-18	#3, 39:16, a response to Ebed-Melech	Result of 38:7-13
	39:1-14	#1, 39:2, city fell July 19, 586	Cf. 52:5-7
V. GEDALIAH and after (July 586 B.C. and on)			
586	40-43:6	#1, 41:1, 7th month, Gedaliah dead	Month began Oct. 7
	43:7—ch. 44	#3, 43:7, cf 42:7, 10 days later	In Egypt
Post-561	52	#2, 52:30, after 582, v. 31, after 561	52 not by Jeremiah, 51:64

WORD FROM THE LORD COMES TO JEREMIAH

- Why was Jeremiah n prison?
 - Because he prophesied that Jerusalem was about to fall into the hands of Nebuchadnezzar

JEREMIAH BUYS A FIELD AS THE LORD INSTRUCTED

- From whom did Jeremiah buy a field?
- Hanamel - Jeremiah's cousin
- How much did Jeremiah pay for the field?
- 17 shekels of silver
- (1 shekel = 11 grams. 1 gram silver = \$0.82. 17 shekels = \$153)



THE LAND WILL AGAIN BE POSSESSED

- What was Jeremiah's message as the deeds were to be sealed in an earthen vessel?
- Houses and fields and vineyards will again be bought in this land



JEREMIAH INQUIRES OF THE LORD AS TO WHY HE WAS TO BUY LAND THAT WAS BESIEGED

- According to what did Jeremiah say the Lord gives?
 - According to his ways and the fruits of his deeds
- After all the Lord had done for Israel what did Jeremiah acknowledge had caused Judah's calamity?
 - Israel did not obey YHWH's voice or walk in His law. They did nothing that He commanded them to do.

THE LORD ANSWERS JEREMIAH DESCRIBING ISRAEL'S ABOMINATIONS

- What did the Lord say the city of Jerusalem had been to him
 - A provocation of His anger and wrath from the day they built it
 - He would that it was removed from before His face

YHWH PROMISES TO RETURN THEM AND MAKE AN EVERLASTING COVENANT WITH THEM

- After Israel was gathered out of all countries, what did the Lord promise to make with them?
 - An everlasting covenant that He will not turn away from them
- To what extent was the good that the Lord would bring upon the people to be extended
 - As great as the disaster that He was bringing on them, so He will bring on them all the good He has promised them

THE LORD COMES TO JEREMIAH A SECOND TIME WHILE IN PRISON

- When Jeremiah called to the Lord, what did He say He would show him?
- “The great and mighty things which you do not know”



HEALTH AND HEALING PROMISED FOR JERUSALEM

- From what would the Lord cleanse the captives of Israel?
 - All their iniquity by which they have sinned against Him
 - A pardon of all their iniquities and transgressions against Him



THE DESOLATE CITY WILL BE REPLENISHED

- What would again be heard in the place of waste and desolation?
 - The voice of joy and gladness
 - The voice of the bridegroom and the bride
 - The voice of those who give thanks to the Lord of hosts, for the Lord is good and His lovingkindness is everlasting
 - The voice of those who bring a thank offering into the house of the Lord

DAVID'S PERPETUAL THRONE

- What would David never lack according to the Lord?
 - A man to sit on the throne of the house of Israel
- What is the name of that man? What will He do?
 - Branch of David
 - He shall execute justice and righteousness on the earth

GOD'S COVENANT TO ISRAEL IS AS SURE AS HIS COVENANT OF NIGHT AND DAY

- What did the Lord say He could break, if He could break His covenant with the night and day?
- His covenant with David His servant so that he will not have a son to reign on his throne



LESSONS AND APPLICATION

- 32:6-9 When Jeremiah purchased the field from Hanamel per the Lord's instructions, it was an affirmation of faith. It showed that the land would again belong to Judah. Also, we see God's control in all things that happen. And we see obedience to God's instructions regardless of how little sense they might have made in Jeremiah's eyes. Can you think of other examples of faith?
- Conversion of Saul - Acts 9:3-16
 - Saul would be shown at the outset how much he would have to suffer for naming Christ as Lord

LESSONS AND APPLICATION

- 32:27 "Is there anything too hard for Me?" This is the primary reason we put our trust in God - He is Omniscient and Omnipotent.
- God crafted a plan from the foundations of the earth that relied on Satan doing the one thing God knew he wanted to do the most – triumph over God. But that WAS God's plan, for in putting Jesus on the cross and murdering an innocent, sinless man, who was God, Satan fulfilled God's plan - Salvation for ALL MANKIND, FROM ALL POINTS OF TIME, FOR ETERNITY.

LESSONS AND APPLICATIONS

- Reconcile 33:17-18 with 22:24-30 While Coniah (Jeconiah, Jehoachin) would be the last descendant of David to prosper on the throne of David in Jerusalem, yet here the promise is made of the perpetual throne of David. How?
 - This promise is **ONLY** fulfilled in Jesus Christ.